

STATE FRANCHISE NOTICE REQUIREMENTS

International Franchise Association, 58th Annual Legal Symposium — Basics Track: Franchise Relationship Laws

Consult local, state, and federal laws for current status and to ensure compliance with other applicable regulations and requirements. Please note the governing agreements must be complied with as well in relation to the notice requirements and cure periods.

State	Citation	Type of Breach/Notice	Minimum Cure/Notice Period
Alabama	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Alaska	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute. (However, Alaska Stat. § 45.45.700, et seq. applies to distributorships but does not have a notice requirement.)		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Arizona	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Arkansas	Ark. Code § 4-72-204 (Arkansas Franchise Practices Act)	All defaults and terminations (except as stated below)	90 days notice prior to termination date with 30 days to cure
		Failure to Pay	10 days notice, then immediate termination allowed if franchisee fails to pay
		Abandonment	No notice required
		Bankruptcy	No notice required
		Loss of Location/Premises of the Center	No notice required
		Conviction of an offense punishable by imprisonment in excess of 1 year and substantially related to the business conduct pursuant to the franchise	No notice required
		Any conduct "which substantially impairs the franchisor's trademark or trade name"	No notice required
		Nonrenewal (except for any reason above)	90 days notice prior to termination date with 30 days to cure
California	Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 20000, et al. (California Franchise Relations Act)	All defaults and terminations for good cause (except as included below)	60 days notice to terminate and a reasonable opportunity to cure, which shall not be less than 60 days or more than 75 days
		Abandonment	Immediate notice of termination allowed if failed to operate for 5 consecutive days as required
		Bankruptcy (specific requirements in the Act)	Immediate notice of termination allowed
		Conduct "which reflects materially and unfavorably upon the operation and reputation of the franchise business or system"	Immediate notice of termination allowed
		Failure to comply with any federal, state, or local law or regulation	10 days notice of noncompliance, then immediate termination is allowed if franchisee fails to comply in that time period
		Imminent danger to public health or safety	Immediate notice of termination allowed upon reasonable determination by franchisor that continued operation will result in such danger
		Mutual termination in writing	Immediate notice of termination allowed
		Subsequent Default - if "franchisee, after curing any failure in accordance with Section 20020 engages in the same noncompliance whether or not such noncompliance is corrected after notice"	Immediate notice of termination allowed

State	Citation	Type of Breach/Notice	Minimum Cure/Notice Period
		Repeated Defaults - if "franchisee repeatedly fails to comply with one or more requirements of the franchise, whether or not corrected after notice"	Immediate notice of termination allowed
		Failure to Pay	5 days notice of overdue fees, then immediate termination is allowed if franchisee fails to comply in that time period
		Loss of Location/Premises of the Center (specific requirements in the Act)	Immediate notice of termination allowed
		Convicted of a Felony	Immediate notice of termination allowed
		Nonrenewal (specific requirements in the Act)	180 days notice of intention not to renew
Colorado	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Connecticut	Conn. Gen. Stat. § 42-133f	All defaults and terminations for good cause (except as included below)	60 days notice in advance of termination
		Abandonment	30 days notice in advance of termination
		Conviction of an offense punishable by imprisonment in excess of 1 year and substantially related to the business conduct pursuant to the franchise	Notice may be given at any time after the conviction effective upon delivery
		Nonrenewal (specific requirements in the Act)	6 months notice of intention not to renew if the franchisor leases property to the franchisee; otherwise 60 days notice in advance of intent not to renew is sufficient
Delaware	Del. Code tit. 6, § 2555 (This section only applies to distributorships. For non-distributorship franchise systems, all notice requirements and cure periods are governed by the agreement itself.)	For distributorships only, all defaults and terminations for good cause	90 days notice for termination or election not to renew
	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute for non-distributorship franchise systems.	For non-distributorship franchises, no related statute applies.	The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
District of Columbia	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute. (Prior Act Repealed)		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Florida	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Georgia	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Hawaii	Haw. Rev. Stat. § 482E-6	All defaults and terminations for good cause	Written notice and a reasonable period of time to cure is required; otherwise what is in FTA will suffice
Idaho	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Illinois	815 Ill. Comp. Stat. 705/19 (Illinois Franchise Disclosure Act of 1987)	All defaults and terminations for good cause	Reasonable opportunity to cure that does not need to exceed 30 days
		Abandonment	Notice and opportunity to cure not required.
		If franchisee "makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors or a similar disposition of the assets of the franchise business"	Notice and opportunity to cure not required.
		Felony conviction or other crime impairing franchisor's goodwill	Notice and opportunity to cure not required.
		Repeated failure to comply with FTA	Notice and opportunity to cure not required.

State	Citation	Type of Breach/Notice	Minimum Cure/Notice Period
		Nonrenewal	Notice of intent not to renew 6 months prior to expiration date or any extension thereof
Indiana	Ind. Code § 23-2-2.7-3 (Indiana Deceptive Franchise Practices Act)	Any termination or election not to renew	90 days, unless otherwise provided in the agreement
Iowa	Iowa Code §§ 523H.7, 523H.8	All defaults and terminations for good cause (except as included below)	Notice and reasonable cure period of at least 30 days to 90 days
		Failure to Pay	30 day notice and opportunity to cure
		Abandonment	No notice and opportunity to cure required if failed to operate for 5 consecutive days as required
		Bankruptcy or if all or substantial part of the assets of the franchise "are assigned to or for the benefit of any creditor"	No notice and opportunity to cure required.
		Felony conviction or other crime materially affecting the "operation, maintenance, or goodwill of the franchise in the relevant market"	No notice and opportunity to cure required.
		Mutual termination in writing	No notice and opportunity to cure required.
		Material misrepresentation by franchisee relating to acquisition, ownership, or operation of the franchise	No notice and opportunity to cure required.
		Subsequent Defaults - after 3 prior material breaches within a 12 month period for which franchisee had notice and opportunity to cure	No notice and opportunity to cure required so long as the "action is not arbitrary and capricious".
		Imminent danger to public health or safety	No notice and opportunity to cure required.
		Seizure of premises of franchise by government authority or official	No notice and opportunity to cure required.
		Nonrenewal (specific requirements in the statute)	Notice of intent not to renew 6 months prior to expiration date or any extension thereof
Kansas	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Kentucky	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Louisiana	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute. (However, La. Rev. Stat. § 23:921 governs restraints on franchisor and franchisee competition).		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Maine	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Maryland	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute for non-distributorship franchise systems. (However, Md. Code, Com. Law § 11-1303 governs distributorships that are not otherwise regulated under the Maryland Franchise Registration and Disclosure Law.) **		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Massachusetts	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Michigan	Mich. Comp. Laws § 445.1527 (the Michigan Franchise Investment Law)	All defaults and terminations for good cause (except as included below) (specific notice requirements in the Act)	Notice and reasonable cure period, which does not need to exceed 30 days
Minnesota	Minn. Stat. § 80C.14	All defaults and terminations for good cause (except as included below); good cause means failure to "substantially comply with the material and reasonable franchise requirements"	90 days notice of termination with 60 days opportunity to cure

State	Citation	Type of Breach/Notice	Minimum Cure/Notice Period
		Voluntary Abandonment	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		Conviction of an "offense directly related to the business conduct pursuant to the franchise"	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		Failure to cure a default that "materially impairs the good will associated with" the franchisor and its marks after written notice to cure of at least 24 hours in advance	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt, after failing to cure after a 24 hour advance notice
		Nonrenewal (without good cause under the reasons stated above)	180 days notice of intention not to renew from expiration of the franchise
Mississippi	Miss. Code § 75-24-53	All defaults and terminations (except as included below)	90 days notice in advance of termination or nonrenewal
		Abandonment	No notice period required.
		Bankruptcy or insolvency	No notice period required.
		Criminal Misconduct	No notice period required.
		Fraud	No notice period required.
		Giving of a no account or insufficient funds check	No notice period required.
		Nonrenewal	90 days notice in advance of termination or nonrenewal
Missouri	Mo. Stat. § 407.405	All defaults and terminations (except as included below)	90 days notice in advance of termination or nonrenewal
		Abandonment	No notice period required.
		Bankruptcy or insolvency	No notice period required.
		Criminal Misconduct	No notice period required.
		Fraud	No notice period required.
		Giving of a no account or insufficient funds check	No notice period required.
		Nonrenewal	90 days notice in advance of termination or nonrenewal
Montana	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Nebraska	Neb. Rev. Stat. § 87-404 (the Nebraska Franchise Practices Act)	All defaults and terminations for good cause (except as included below)	60 days notice in advance of termination or nonrenewal
		Voluntary Abandonment	15 days notice in advance of termination
		Conviction of an "indictable offense directly related to the business conduct pursuant to the franchise"	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		Insolvency (the institution of bankruptcy or receivership)	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		Failure to pay or "failure to account for the proceeds of a sale of goods"	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		"Falsification of records or reports required by the franchisor"	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		Imminent danger to public health or safety	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.

State	Citation	Type of Breach/Notice	Minimum Cure/Notice Period
		Loss of location/premises of the franchise	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		Nonrenewal	60 days notice in advance of termination or nonrenewal
Nevada	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
New Hampshire	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
New Jersey	N.J. Stat. § 56:10-5 (the New Jersey Franchise Practices Act)	All defaults and terminations for good cause (except as included below)	60 days notice in advance of termination or nonrenewal
		Voluntary Abandonment	15 days notice in advance of termination
		Conviction of an "indictable offense directly related to the business conduct pursuant to the franchise"	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt after conviction
New Mexico	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute. *		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
New York	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
North Carolina	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
North Dakota	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Ohio	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Oklahoma	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Oregon	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Pennsylvania	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Rhode Island	6 R.I. Gen. Laws § 6-50-4 (the Rhode Island Fair Dealership Act)	All defaults and terminations for good cause (except as included below)	60 days notice in advance of termination or nonrenewal, with 30 days to cure ("provided that a dealer has a right to cure three (3) times in any twelve-month (12) period during" the agreement)
		Failure to Pay	Written notice of default with 10 days to cure (with the right to cure 3 times in 12 months)
		Voluntary Abandonment	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		Conviction of a felony "related to the business conducted pursuant to the dealership"	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		Conduct that will "materially impair the goodwill" of the franchisor's marks	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		Material misrepresentation made to the franchisor relating to the dealership	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		Attempting to transfer without authorization	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		Bankruptcy or assignment for the benefit of creditors	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		"Violation of any law, regulation, or standard relating to public health or safety" after written notice and opportunity to cure at least 24 hours in advance	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt, after failing to cure after a 24 hour advance notice
South Carolina	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
South Dakota	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Tennessee	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Texas	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.

State	Citation	Type of Breach/Notice	Minimum Cure/Notice Period
Utah	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Vermont	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Virginia	Va. Code § 13.1-564 (the Virginia Retail Franchising Act)	All defaults and terminations must be for "reasonable cause"	30 days or the required notice/cure period under the agreement
Washington	Wash. Rev. Code § 19.100.180 (the Washington Franchise Investment Protection Act)	All defaults and terminations for good cause (except as included below)	Notice and reasonable opportunity to cure, which does not need to exceed 30 days (if it cannot be cured within 30 days, then the termination can occur if franchisee fails to "initiate within thirty days substantial and continuing action to cure such default")
		Repeated Defaults - 3 "willful and material breaches of the same term of the franchise agreement" within a 12 month period	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt, upon a subsequent default if the franchisee was given notice and opportunity to cure for the first 3 defaults
		Voluntary Abandonment	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		Bankruptcy/Insolvency or makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		Conviction or a plea of guilty/no contest to a "charge violating any law relating to the franchise business"	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		Nonrenewal	1 year's notice of nonrenewal and franchisor agrees in writing not to enforce the non-compete; otherwise the franchisor is required to fairly compensate the franchisee for the FMV of the franchisee's goodwill (regardless, franchisor is required to compensate the franchisee for the FMV of inventory, supplies, equipment, and furnishings purchased from the franchisor)
West Virginia	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.
Wisconsin	Wis. Stat. § 135.04 (the Wisconsin Fair Dealership Law)	All defaults and terminations for good cause (except as included below)	90 days notice of termination with 60 days opportunity to cure
		Failure to Pay	Written notice of default required with 10 days opportunity to cure from the delivery of the notice
		Bankruptcy/Insolvency or makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors	Immediate notice of termination is allowed and effective upon receipt.
		Nonrenewal for good cause	90 days notice of termination with 60 days opportunity to cure
Wyoming	No generally applicable franchise relationship or disclosure statute.		The required notice and cure period under the agreement.

* **New Mexico — Pending Legislation (2025):** New Mexico SB-439 (2025), introduced by Senator Joshua A. Sanchez, would create a new franchise relationship law modeled on Indiana's Deceptive Franchise Practices Act. If enacted, it would establish prohibitions on certain franchisor conduct and provide franchisee relationship protections, including restrictions on termination and nonrenewal. As of the publication of this chart, the bill had not been enacted into law. Franchisors and franchisees operating in New Mexico should monitor this legislation.

** **Maryland — Pending Legislation (2025):** Maryland HB0992 (2025), introduced by Delegate Korman, proposes amendments to the Maryland Franchise Registration and Disclosure Law (Md. Code Ann., Bus. Reg. § 14-201 et seq.). Key proposed changes include: (1) adjusting inflation thresholds for registration exemptions (§ 14-214(E)); (2) amending jurisdictional scope provisions (§ 14-227(A)) in a manner that could restrict franchisees located outside Maryland from asserting claims against a Maryland-based franchisor under Maryland's disclosure law; and (3) updating the statute of limitations to five years (§ 14-227(F)). As of the publication of this chart, the bill had not been enacted into law. Franchisors and franchisees with Maryland connections should monitor this legislation.